## Surgical safety in the eyes of QR nurse

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Who am I and why I am here for?

- I work as OR nurse since 2014
- At Integrated Operating Theater:
  - Urology
  - Otolaryngology
  - Ophthalmology
  - Surgery



Where did the idea for the presentation come from?

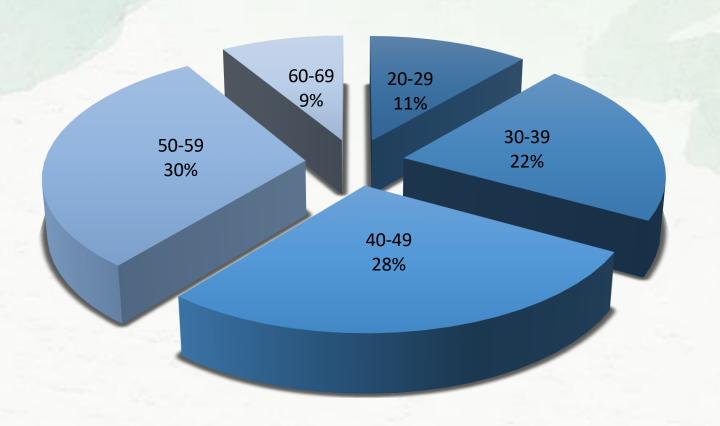
How this presentation was created?

- A questionnaire was developed that included both open and closed, single and multiple choice questions.
- It was made available among colleagues and nurses from all over Poland from the Instrumentariuszki group on Facebook.
- The obtained data from 115 questionnaires were verified and analyzed.
- The data has been compiled and theses have been formulated.

- If a nurse has more than one place of employment, she has a greater chance of suffering or causing an accident
- Having OC insurance gives self-employment nurses a greater sense of security
- The most common accident a nurse would experience in perioperative care is a head injury or occupational exposure
- The most common accident a patient would experience in perioperative care is burns to the skin
- Despite nurses' knowledge of work ergonomics, they use it only partially at work
- The most common cause of accidents at work is haste (uncontrolled rush)

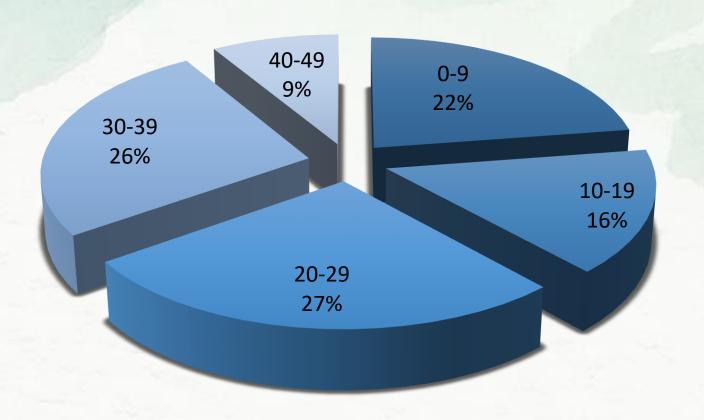
Theses

### Age

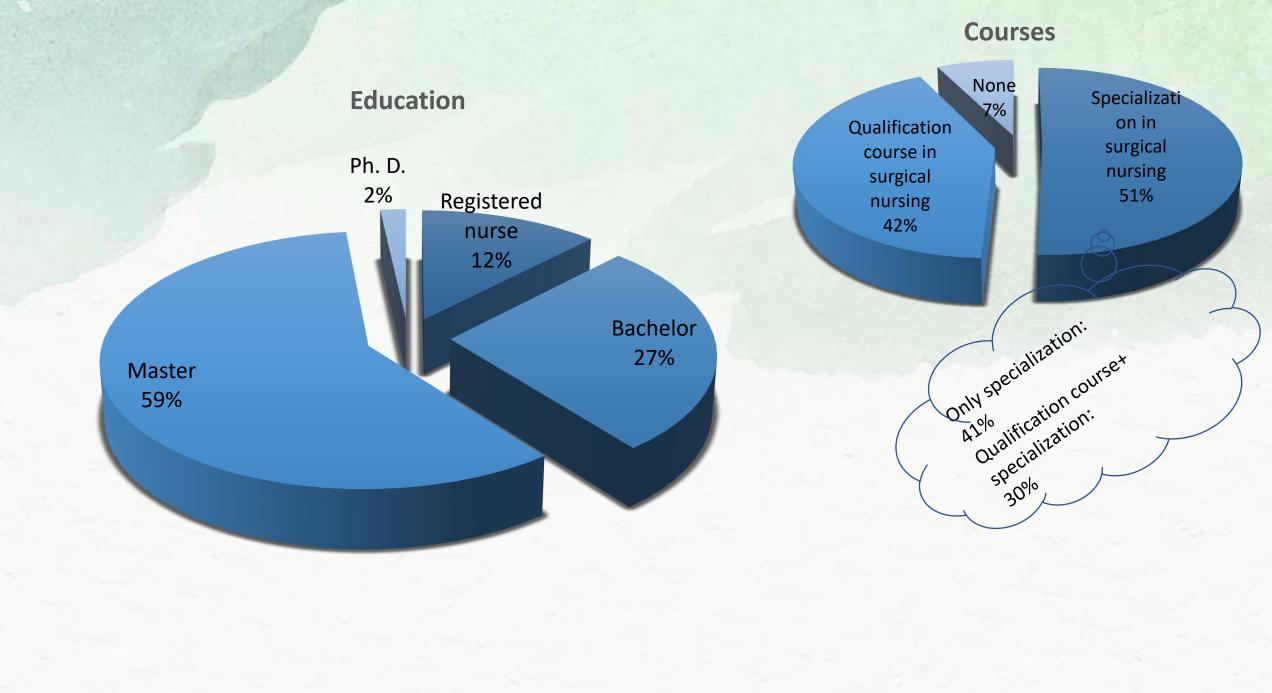


- The youngest respondent : 24 y.o.
- The oldest respondent: 68 y.o.
- The average age:45 y.o.

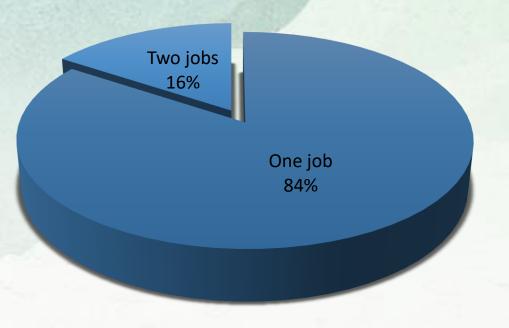
### **Experience**



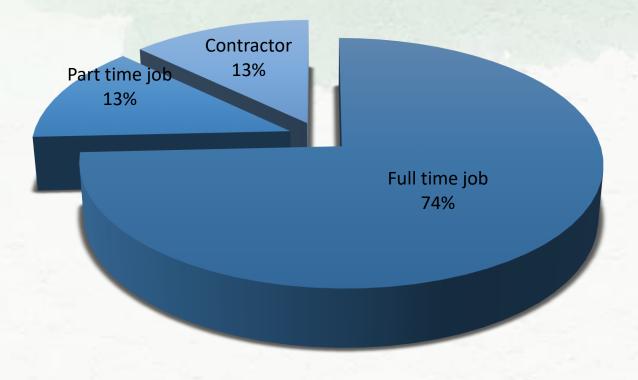
- The shortest lenght work experience: 1 y.o.
- The longest lenght work experience: 49 y.o.
- The average length of work experience:
   22 y



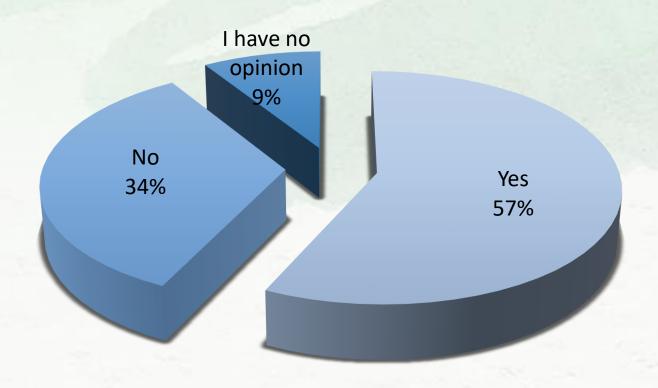
### Full time jobs



### **Form of Employment**



### Do you find your workplace a safe place?



### Justify your answer

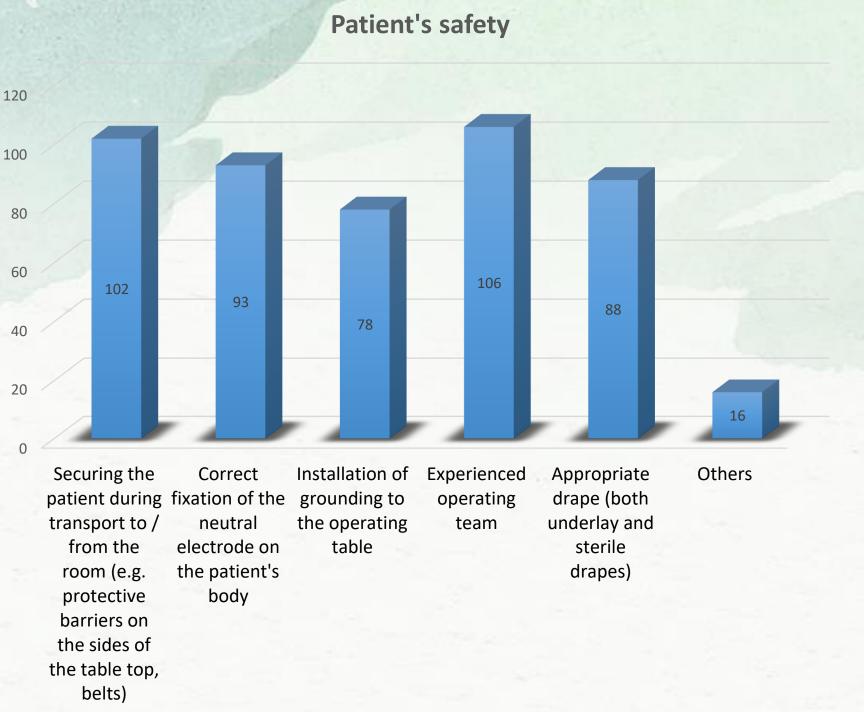


- Using procedures in everyday work
- Access to personal protective equipment
- Access to operational clothing
- Investing in human resources
- Investing in modern equipment
- Cyclical OSH training
- Organizing in-company training at the workplace by the employer

- 'I have a feeling of lack of support from my superiors'
- No response from the superiors to the reported problems
- No ergonomic solutions in the rooms and corridors
- ► Staff shortages e.g: one nurse on call
- ► The pace of work (constant rushing, urging)
- ► Constant economising on personal protective equipment
- ► Failure to follow procedures

### Justify your answer

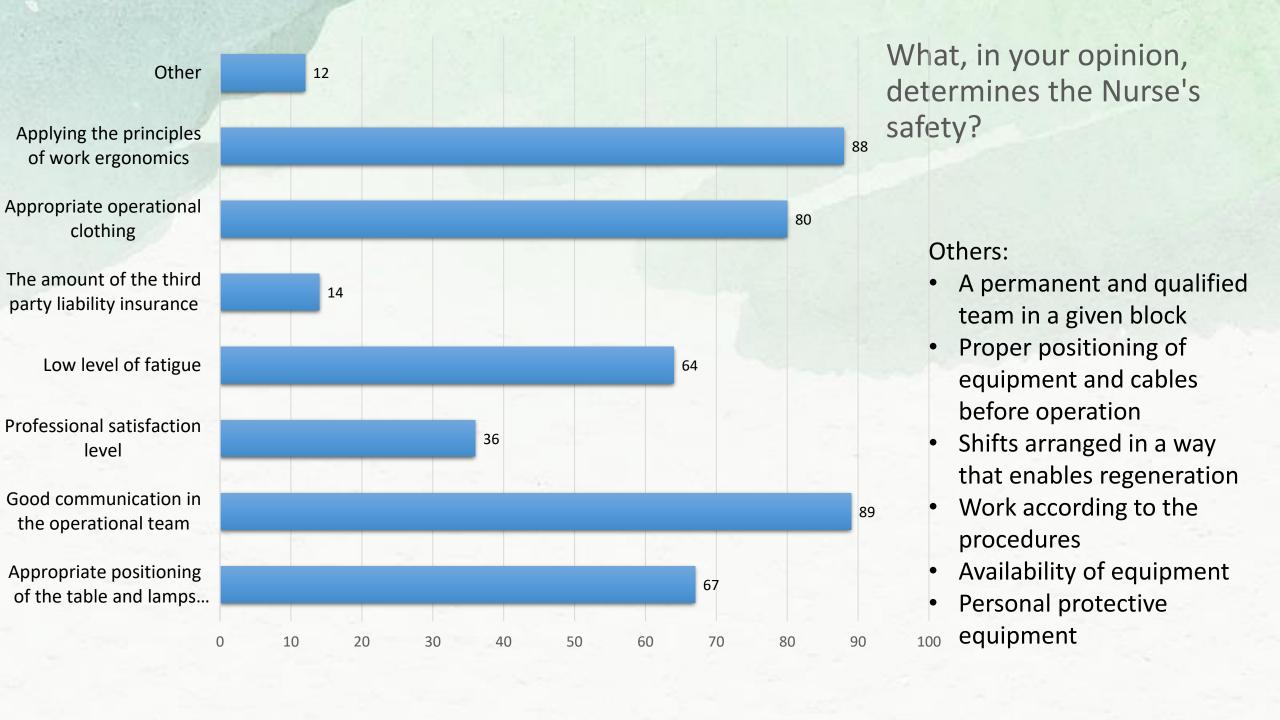




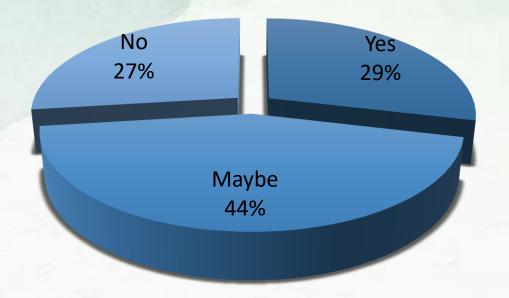
What, in your opinion, determines the patient's safety?

#### Others:

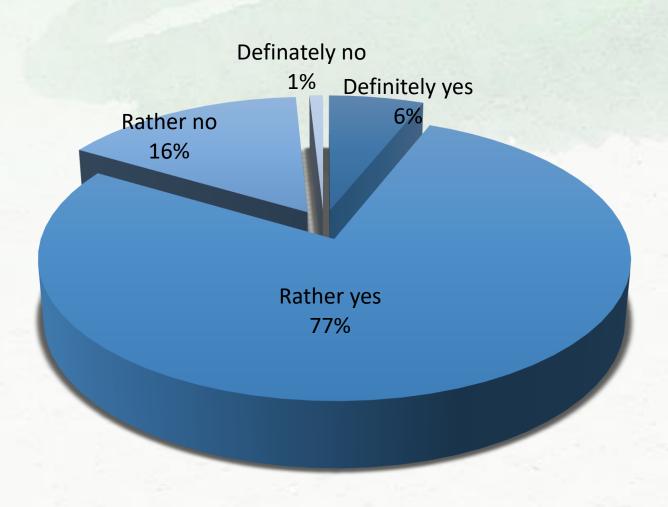
- application of procedures
- efficient and properly serviced medical equipment
- interpersonal communication
- organization of work in the operating theater



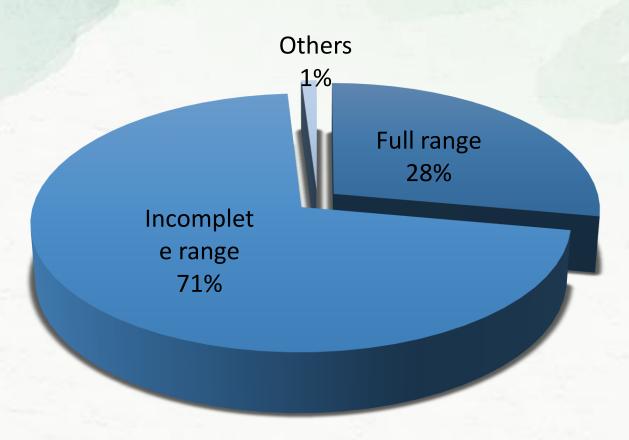
## Have you undergone training in the principles of work ergonomics?



## Do you know the principles of work ergonomics?

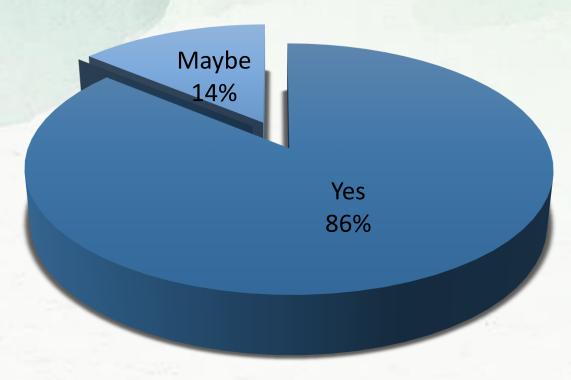


To what extent do you apply the principles of work ergonomics while performing your official duties?



For those who answered yes

If the workplace would organize training in the principles of work ergonomics, would you take part?



## Which statements are consistent with the principles of work ergonomics?

Choosing the right footwear for work

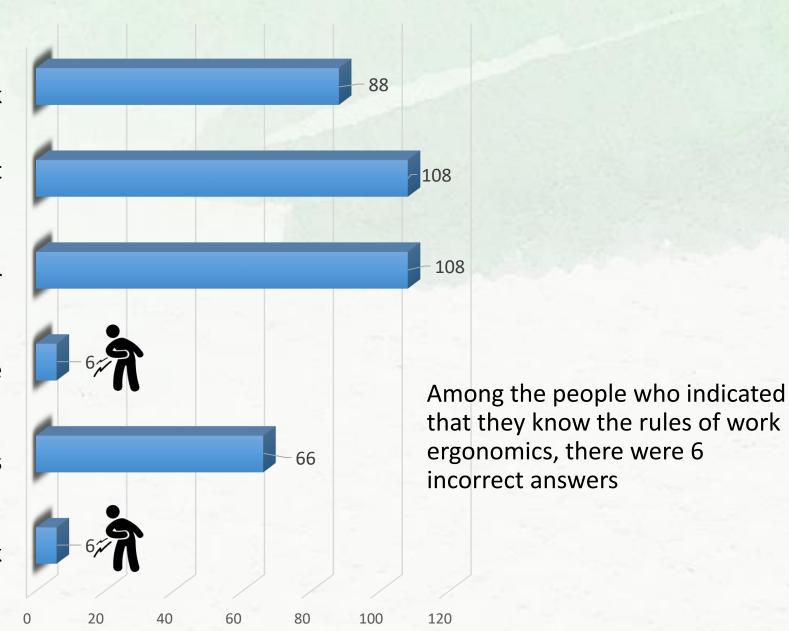
Using of trolleys to transport equipment necessary for the operation

Use of rolls and tapes for patient transfer

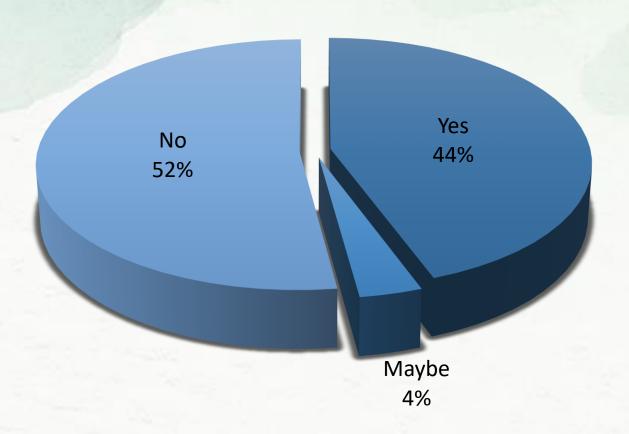
Staying in one position for a long time

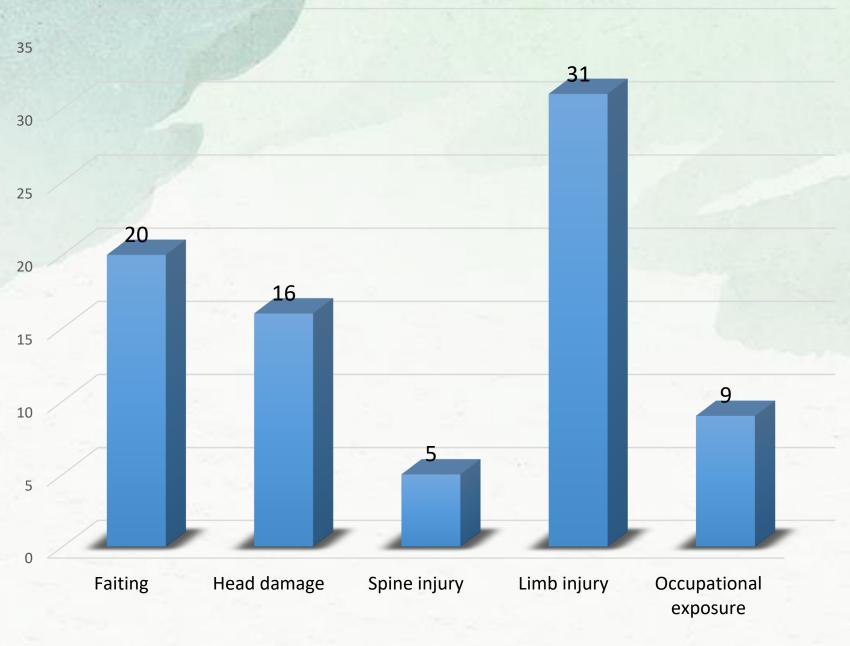
Lifting weights up using knees

Lifting weights up using back



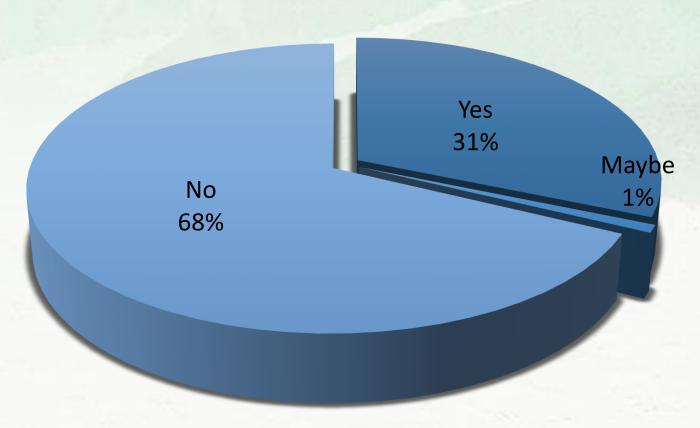
Has there ever been an accident at work in which you personally suffered?

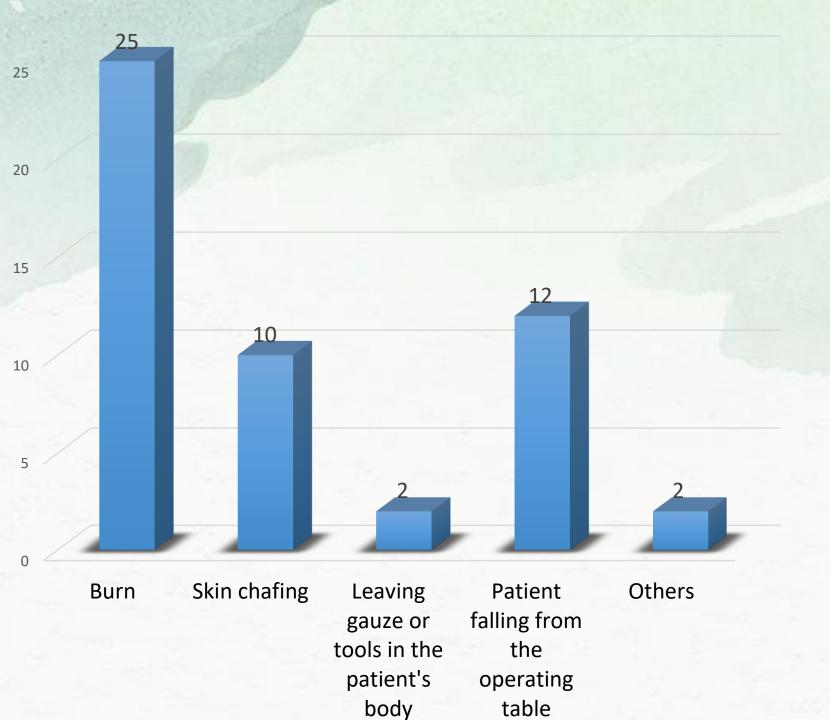




What was the nature of this accident?

Have you had an accident at work in which a patient was injured?



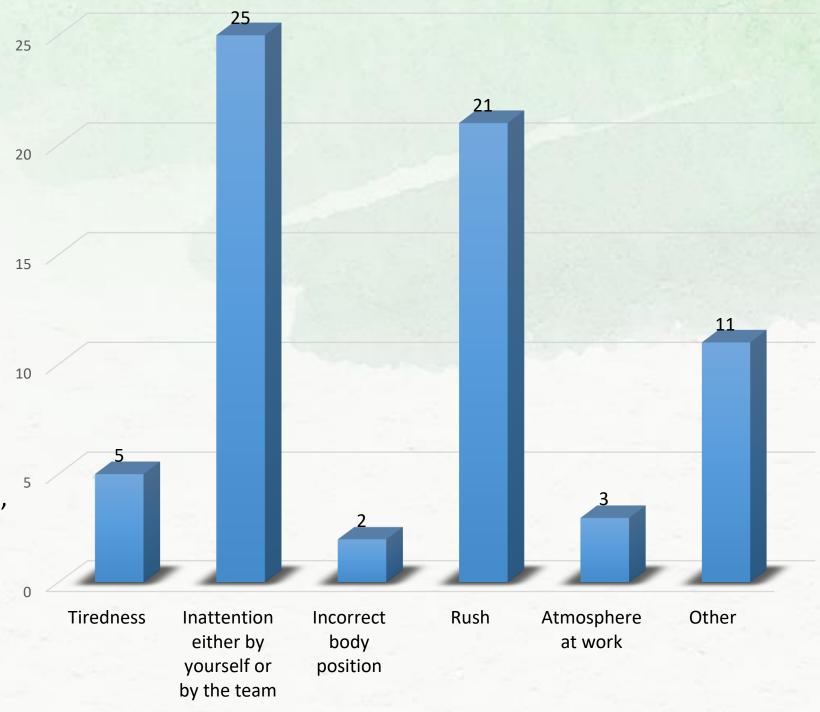


What was the nature of this accident?

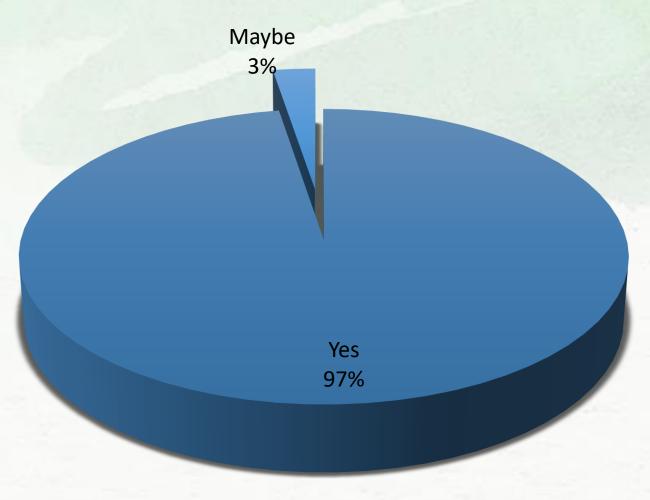
The answer 'other' included a cut of the fetal skin during a cesarean section and a break in the continuity of the skin in a place other than the surgical incision

What do you think was the likely cause of the accident?

The 'other' option included statements such as duration of surgery, defective equipment, no choice of drapes, patient sweating, hole in the floor, no air conditioning, wet floor.

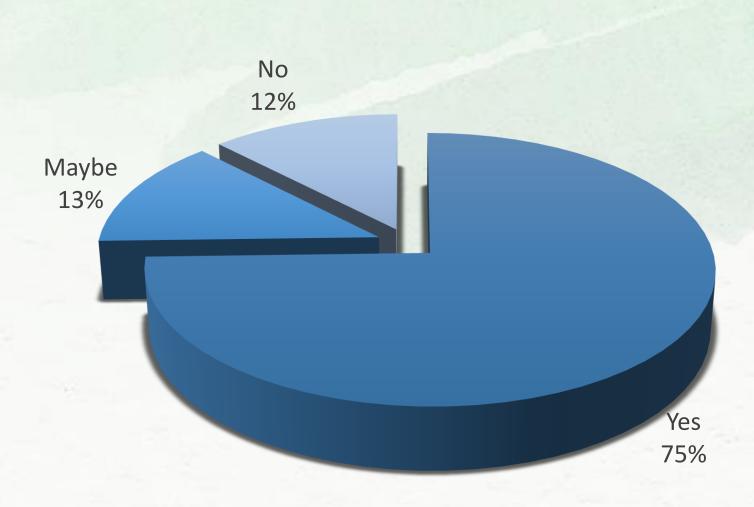


Do you think that human relations have an impact on perioperative safety?

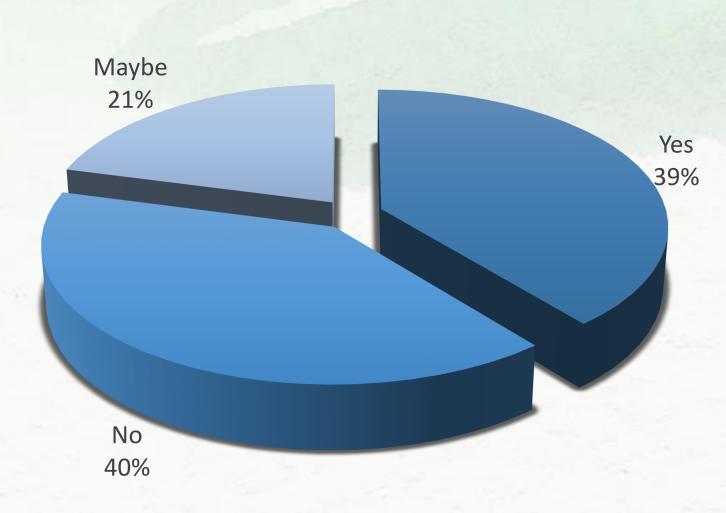


No-one says no.

Have you ever felt insecure because of the 'difficult' relationship in the operating team (nurse-doctor line)



Do you feel the pressure from the medical team to be fast and infallible during the procedure?



- 53% respondents under 39 y.o. answered YES!
- Only 32% over 39 y.o. ansered YES.

## Let's focus of what is happening during this sittuations.... What do they hear...?

Hurry, hurry... we don't have all day to do this... You are working here and you don't know that...

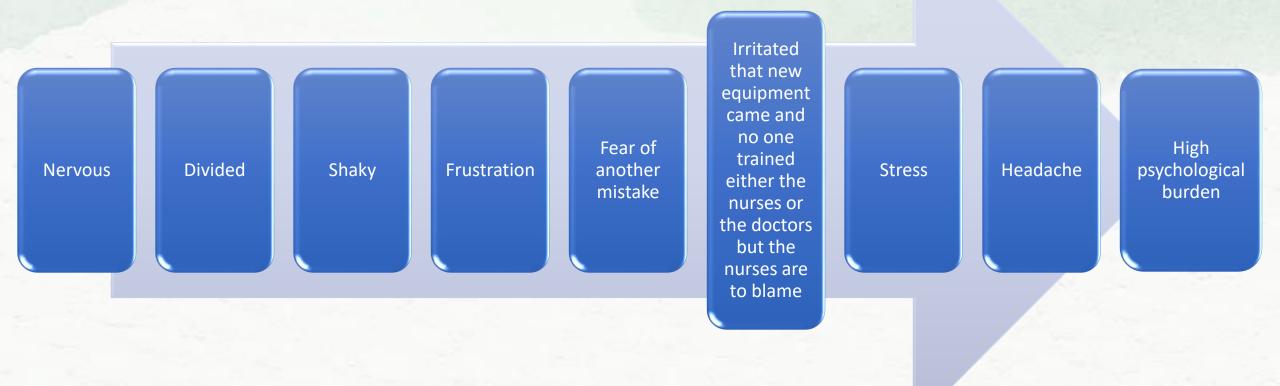
Nurse XYZ will do this/that... Oh my... how long should I wait.... If you were working during the professor's time ...

She went out to manufacture these tools?

If you do not get the equipment, the patient will die because of you!

Operator is throwing tools

### Let's focus of what is happening during this sittuations.... How do they feel...?





If a nurse has more than one place of employment, she has a greater chance of suffering or causing an accident

## Not true

Taking into account the dependence between the number of jobs and the probability of an accident on one's own person and on a patient, the following results were obtained. People working in one job more often made a mistake.

	Accident on themselfs	Accident on patient
1 job	46%	32%
2 jobs	33%	22%

Having OC insurance gives self-employment nurses a greater sense of security

## Not true

Nurses who are on a self-employment contract pointed to this answer less frequently than nurses others.

Full time job and OC insurance	7,826086957
Part time job and OC insurance	0,869565217
Contractor and OC insurance	1,739130435

The most common accident a nurse would experience in perioperative care is a head injury or occupational exposure

### Not true

The most common accident a nurse would experience in perioperative care is limb injury (e.g. driving a transport table over the foot), then faiting and head damage.

The most common accident a patient would experience in perioperative care is burns to the skin



The respondents indicated this answer 25 times, then 12 of them indicated the patient fell from the operating table or during transport

Despite nurses'
knowledge of work
ergonomics, they
use it only partially
at work



71% of respondents declared to use only some of the principles of work ergonomics, explaining that time or superiors does not allow it or "out of laziness"

The most common cause of accidents at work is haste (uncontrolled rush)

# Almost true

According to the respondents, the most common reasons for accidents at work were inattention (25 votes) and haste (21 votes)



Thank you for your attention!